Numb. 12144.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday December 12, to Saturday December 16, 1780.

AT the Court at St. *James's*, the 15th of *December*, 1780,

PRESENT,

The KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHEREAS, by an Act of Parliament paſſed in the Twenty-ſixth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, "An Act to oblige Ships more effectually to perform their Quarantine; and "for the better preventing the Plague being "brought from Foreign Parts into Great Britain "or Ireland, or the Iſles of Guernſey, Jerſey, Alderney, Sark, or Man;" it is among many other Things enacted, that all Ships and Veſſels arriving, and all Perſons, Goods, and Merchandizes whatſoever, coming or imported into any Port or Place within Great Britain or Ireland, or any of the Iſles aforementioned, from any Place from whence His Majeſty, His Heirs or Succeſſors, by and with the Advice of His or Their Privy Council, ſhall judge it probable that the Infection may be brought, ſhall be obliged to make their Quarantine in ſuch Place and Places, for ſuch Time and in ſuch Manner as has been, or ſhall from Time to Time be, directed by His Majeſty, His Heirs or Succeſſors, by His or Their Order or Orders, made in His or Their Privy Council, and notified by Proclamation, or publiſhed in the London Gazette; and that until ſuch Ships, Veſſels, Perſons, Goods and Merchandizes ſhall have reſpectively performed, and be diſcharged from ſuch Quarantine, no ſuch Perſon, Goods, or Merchandizes, or any of them, ſhall come or be brought on Shore, or go or be put on Board any other Ship or Veſſel, in any Place within His Majeſty's Dominions, unleſs in ſuch Manner and in ſuch Caſes, and by ſuch Licence, as ſhall be directed or permitted by ſuch Order or Orders made by His Majeſty, His Heirs or Succeſſors, in Council as aforeſaid; and that all ſuch Ships and Veſſels, and the Perſons or Goods coming or imported in, or going or being put on Board the ſame; and all Ships, Veſſels, Boats and Perſons receiving any Goods or Perſons out of the ſame, ſhall be ſubject to ſuch Orders, Rules and Directions concerning Quarantine and the Prevention of Infection, as have been or ſhall be made by His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, in Council, and notified by Proclamation, or publiſhed in the London Gazette as aforementioned, under ſuch Pains and Penalties as are inflicted by the ſaid Act. And whereas Information hath been received that the Plague hath manifeſted itſelf in many Places of the Ukraine and Wolhynia, and that the Contagion thereof ſpreads further every Day; and His Majeſty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, doth thereupon judge it probable, that the Infection may be brought into this Kingdom from Dantzick, or ſome Port or Place in Royal and Ducal Pruſſia or Pomerania, or from ſome Port or Place in Courland, Samogitia, or Livonia; His Majeſty doth therefore, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, hereby order, that all Ships, Veſſels, Perſons, Goods and Merchandizes, now arrived, or that ſhall hereafter arrive, in any Port of this Kingdom, or the Iſles of Jerſey, Guernſey, Alderney, Sark or Man, from Dantzick, or any other Port or Place in Royal and Ducal Pruſſia or Pomerania, or from any Port or Place in Courland, Samogitia, or Livonia, do make their Quarantine for Forty Days, which is to commence and be computed from the Day each Ship or Veſſel ſhall come to Anchor in the Place appointed for performing Quarantine, and not before.

That the Places herein after named ſhall be and are hereby appointed to be the Places, wherein ſuch Ships or Veſſels (not having the Infection on Board) ſhall reſpectively perform Quarantine; that is to ſay, All ſuch Ships or Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the Port of London, or any Member, Creek, or other Parts thereof, or to the River Thames, or Medway, ſhall perform their Quarantine in Standgate Creek; all ſuch Ships or Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the Ports of Ipſwich, Yarmouth, Lynn, Boſton, Hull, Newcaſtle, or Berwick upon Tweed, or any of them, or any Member or Creek thereof, or other Place therein, ſhall perform their Quarantine in Whitebooth Road between Hull and Grimſby; all ſuch Ships or Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the Ports of Carliſle and Cheſter, or either of them, or any Member or Creek thereof, or other Place therein, or to any Part of the Iſle of Man, ſhall perform their Quarantine in a Place called Highlake, near Liverpool, at the Weſt End thereof; all ſuch Ships or Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the Ports of Milford, Cardiff, Glouceſter, Briſtol, Bridgwater, or any of them, or any Member or Creek of them, or any of them, or to Padſtow or St. Ives, being Members of the Port of Plymouth, or to Ilfracomb or Barnſtaple, being Members of the Port of Exeter, or to any other Place within the ſaid Ports of Milford, Cardiff, Glouceſter, Briſtol, or Bridgwater, or within the ſaid Members or Creeks, ſhall perform their Quarantine in Kingroad and Porſhute Pill; all ſuch Ships or Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the Port of Plymouth, except ſuch Parts thereof as have been herein before mentioned, and alſo except Falmouth, One Member thereof, or to the Port of Exeter, except ſuch Parts thereof as have been herein before mentioned, or to the Port of Pool, or any of the Members or Creeks, or other Places within the ſaid Ports of Plymouth, Exeter, and Pool, except as before excepted, ſhall perform their Quarantine in ſome Place between Woodend and Saltaſh

Saltaſh in the River Tamar; all ſuch Ships or Veſſels as are or ſhall be bound to Falmouth, a Member of the Port of Plymouth, or any Creek thereof, or any other Place therein, ſhall perform their Quarantine in a Place called St. Ives Pool, within the Mouth of the Harbour of Falmouth; and all ſuch Ships or Veſſels as are or ſhall be bound to the Ports of Southampton, Chicheſter, Sandwich, or any of them, or any of the Members or Creeks thereof, or of any of them, or any other Place within the ſame, ſhall perform their Quarantine at a Place called the Mother Bank near Portſmouth; and all ſuch Ships or Veſſels as are or ſhall be bound to the Eaſtern Coaſt of Scotland, comprehending the Ports of Leith, Borrowſtoneſs, Alloa, Dunbar, Kirkaldy, Anſtruther, Preſton Pans, Dundee, Perth, Montroſe, and Aberdeen, or to any Member, Creek, or other Parts thereof, ſhall perform their Quarantine in Inverkeithing Bay; and all ſuch Ships and Veſſels as are or ſhall be bound to the Weſtern Ports of Scotland, comprehending the Ports of Port Glaſgow, Greenock, Irvine, Campbeltoun, Oban, Rothſay, Fort William, Air, Port Patrick, Stanraer, and Wigtown, or to any Member, Creek, or other Parts thereof, ſhall perform their Quarantine at Lamlaſh in the Iſland of Arran; and all ſuch Ships or Veſſels as are or ſhall be bound to the Northern Ports of Scotland, comprehending the Ports of Inverneſs, Zetland, Orkney, Caithneſs, and Stornaway, or to any Member, Creek or other Parts thereof, ſhall perform their Quarantine in Cromarty Bay in the Murray Frith; and all ſuch Ships or Veſſels as are or ſhall be bound to the South-weſt Ports of Scotland, comprehending the Ports of Dumfries and Kirkcudbright, or to any Member, Creek, or other Parts thereof, ſhall perform their Quarantine at Carſthorn at the Mouth of the River Nith; and all ſuch Ships or Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the Iſle of Jerſey, or any Part thereof, ſhall perform their Quarantine at a certain Place on the Coaſt of the ſaid Iſland called Belle Croute, or at ſome Place herein before appointed for Performance of Quarantine on the Coaſt of England; and all ſuch Ships or Veſſels as ſhall be bound to the Iſlands of Guernſey, Sark or Alderney, or either of them, or any Part of them, or any of them, ſhall perform their Quarantine in a Place near the Iſland of Guernſey, called the Little Road, or at ſome Place herein before appointed for Performance of Quarantine on the Coaſt of England.

That no Pilot ſhall go on Board any Ship or Veſſel obliged to perform Quarantine, in order to conduct the ſame into any Port or Place, but ſhall perform ſuch Service in ſome other Boat or Veſſel, which Boat or Veſſel ſhall keep as much to the Windward of the Ship or Veſſel, ſo to be conducted, as poſſible; and if any Pilot or other Perſon ſhall go on Board ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſuch Pilot or other Perſon ſhall perform Quarantine, in like Manner as any Perſon coming in ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall be obliged to perform the ſame.

That all Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes liable to Quarantine as aforeſaid, ſhall be opened, unpacked, and aired, unleſs His Majeſty ſhall think fit, by His Order in Council, to direct otherwiſe, and to remain a Week, other than Hemp and Flax, Paper or Books, Silk Raw, Thrown, or Wrought, Linnen, Cotton Wool, Cotton Yarn or manufactured, Wool Raw or any wiſe Wrought, Feathers, Grograin or Mohair Yarn, Human Hair, Goats Hair, Carmenia Wool, Carpets, Camblets, Burdets, or other Manufactures of Silk and Cotton, Kid Skins, and Skins in the Wool or Hair, Spunges, Wine, and Oil in Cheſts, Thread Stockings, all Goods packed with Straw or Cotton, Straw Hats, and Bruſhes, Matting and Artificial Flowers; which Goods and Merchandizes, ſo as aforeſaid enumerated, are to be opened, unpacked, and aired, unleſs His Majeſty ſhall think fit, by His Order in Council, to direct otherwiſe, and ſo remain for the Space of a Fortnight.

That all Goods imported by ſuch Ships and Veſſels reſpectively ſhall be aired in the following Places, that is to ſay: All ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Port of London, or any Member, Creek, or other Parts thereof, or to the River Thames, or Medway, ſhall be aired in Standgate Creek: All ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Ports of Ipſwich, Yarmouth, Lynn, Boſton, Hull, Newcaſtle, or Berwick upon Tweed, or any of them, or any Member or Creek thereof, or other Place therein, ſhall be aired in Whitebooth Road, between Hull and Grimſby: All ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Ports of Carliſle and Cheſter, or either of them, or any Member or Creek thereof, or other Place therein, or to any Part of the Iſle of Man, ſhall be aired in a Place called Highlake, near Liverpool, at the Weſt End thereof: All ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Ports of Milford, Cardiff, Glouceſter, Briſtol, Bridgwater, or any of them, or any Member or Creek of them, or any of them, or to Padſtow or St. Ives, being Members of the Port of Plymouth, or to Ilfracomb or Barnſtaple, being Members of the Port of Exeter, or to any other Place within the ſaid Ports of Milford, Cardiff, Glouceſter, Briſtol, or Bridgwater, or within the ſaid Members or Creeks, ſhall be aired in Kingroad, and Porſhute Pill: All ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Port of Plymouth, except ſuch Parts thereof as have been herein before mentioned, and alſo except Falmouth, one Member thereof or to the Port of Exeter, except ſuch Parts thereof, as have been herein before mentioned, or to the Port of Pool, or any of the Members or Creeks, or other Places within the ſaid Ports of Plymouth, Exeter and Pool, except as before excepted, ſhall be aired in ſome Place between Wood-end and Saltaſh in the River Tamar: All ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to Falmouth, a Member of the Port of Plymouth, or any Creek thereof, or any other Place therein, ſhall be aired in a Place called St. Ives Pool, within the Mouth of the Harbour of Falmouth: All ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Ports of Southampton, Chicheſter, Sandwich, or any of them, or any of the Members or Creeks thereof, or of any them, or any other Place within the ſame, ſhall be aired at a Place called the Mother Bank near Portſmouth: And all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Eaſtern Coaſt of Scotland, comprehending the Ports of Leith, Borrowſtoneſs, Alloa, Dunbar, Kirkaldy, Anſtruther, Preſton Pans, Dundee, Perth, Montroſe, and Aberdeen, or to any Member, Creek, or other Parts thereof, ſhall be aired in Inverkeithing Bay: And all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Weſtern Ports of Scotland, comprehending the Ports of Port Glaſgow, Greenock, Irvine, Campbeltoun, Overn, Rothſay, Fort William, Air, Port Patrick, Stranraer, and Wigtown, or to any Member, Creek, or other Parts thereof, ſhall be aired at Lamlaſh in the Iſland of Arran: And all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Northern Ports of Scotland, comprehending the Ports Inverneſs, Zetland, Orkney, Caithneſs, and Stornaway, or to any Member, Creek, or other Parts thereof, ſhall be aired in Cromarty Bay in the Murray Frith: And all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the South-Weſt Ports of Scotland, comprehending the Ports of Dumfries and Kirkcudbright,

Kirkcudbright, or to any Member, Creek, or other Parts thereof, ſhall be aired at Carſthorn, at the Mouth of the River Nith: And all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Iſle of Jerſey, or any Part thereof, ſhall be aired at a certain Place on the Coaſt of the ſaid Iſland called Belle Croute, or at ſuch Place herein before appointed for Performance of Quarantine on the Coaſt of England, where the Ships, in which ſuch Goods are imported, ſhall reſpectively perform their Quarantine: And all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Iſlands of Guernſey, Sark, or Alderney, or either of them, or any Part of them, or any of them, ſhall be aired in a Place near the Iſland of Guernſey, called the Little Road, or at ſuch Place herein before appointed for Performance of Quarantine on the Coaſt of England, where the Ships, in which ſuch Goods are imported, ſhall reſpectively perform their Quarantine: That whatſoever Ship or Perſon ſhall receive any Men or Goods from on Board any Ship or Veſſel under Quarantine, ſhall be compelled to perform the like Quarantine; that ſuch Perſons as, after Quarantine performed, ſhall be employed in the Hold of any Ship or Veſſel, for the taking any Goods not liable to retain Infection from the Goods and Merchandizes before enumerated, ſhall be obliged to perform a new Quarantine; that the Captains of every of His Majeſty's Ships of War, who ſhall meet any ſuch Ship or Veſſel coming to any of the Ports of Great Britain or Ireland, or of the Iſles of Guernſey, Jerſey, Alderney, Sark or Man, ſhall take due Care to prevent the Landing any Goods, Seamen, or Paſſengers from on Board the ſame, until they ſhall be put under the Direction of the Officers of His Majeſty's Cuſtoms.

That the Commiſſioners and other Officers of His Majeſty's Cuſtoms do uſe their utmoſt Diligence and Care that the Qurrantine before directed be duly performed.

That the Commanders of His Majeſty's Ships of War, as likewiſe the Commanders of His Majeſty's Forts and Garriſons, lying near the Sea Coaſts, and all the Juſtices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Chief Magiſtrates, Conſtables, Headboroughs, Tything Men, and all other Officers and Miniſters of Juſtice, be aiding and aſſiſting to the ſaid Officers of His Majeſty's Cuſtoms, and to all others that ſhall be concerned in ſtopping all ſuch Ships as aforeſaid, and in bringing them to their Places appointed for the Performance of their Quarantine, and in due Performance thereof.

And the Lords Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Treaſury, the Commiſſioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, the Maſter-General and the Principal Officers of the Ordnance, His Majeſty's Secretary at War, and the Governors or Commanders in Chief for the Time being of the ſaid reſpective Iſles of Jerſey, Guernſey, Alderney, Sark, and Man, are to give the neceſſary Directions herein, as to them may reſpectively appertain.

Steph. Cottrell.

AT the Court at St. *James's* the 15th of *December*, 1780,

PRESENT,

The KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHEREAS it has been repreſented unto His Majeſty, that great Inconveniences have ariſen, by Appeals in Prize Cauſes not being proſecuted in a reaſonable Time, and from Secret Appeals, or Protocols of Appeal, being entered before a Notary Publick, without any Notice given to the Court or Parties appellate, or their Proctors: For Remedy whereof His Majeſty hath thought fit, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, to order and direct, that every Perſon being a Party in a Prize Cauſe in the High Court of Admiralty of England, or in any Vice-Admiralty Court, and againſt whom a Sentence ſhall hereafter be given, or an Interlocutory Decree pronounced, and who ſhall appeal therefrom within Fourteen Days, ſhall proſecute ſuch his Appeal, by taking out the uſual Inhibition within Three Months after the Time ſuch Sentence or Interlocutory Decree ſhall be given, if ſuch Sentence or Decree ſhall be given in the High Court of Admiralty, and within Nine Months, if ſuch Sentence or Decree ſhall be given in any of the Vice-Admiralty-Courts; and that after the Expiration of the ſaid Terms of Three Months and Nine Months reſpectively limited as aforeſaid, without any Inhibition having been taken out, no Appeal ſhall be allowed to be proſecuted by any Perſon being a Party in the ſaid High Court of Admiralty, or Vice-Admiralty Courts, nor ſhall any Inhibition be granted at the Prayer of ſuch Perſon, or his Proctor, but the ſaid Sentence or Interlocutory Decree ſhall ſtand confirmed as to ſuch Perſon. And that in all Caſes where a Sentence ſhall be given, or Interlocutory Decree ſhall be pronounced in the High Court of Admiralty, or in any of His Majeſty's Vice-Admiralty Courts, any Perſon not being a Party in the firſt Inſtance, who does not interpoſe his Appeal, and at the ſame Time give his Claim, and pray the uſual Inhibition within One Year, ſhall not, after ſuch Year hath elapſed, be intitled to any Appeal.

And it is further ordered, that upon all Sentences or Interlocutory Decrees already given or pronounced, where Appeals, or Protocols of Appeal, been or ſhall be made or entered by any Party in the Cauſe, ſuch Party ſhall proſecute the Appeal, by taking out the uſual Inhibition within Three Months from the Date of this Order, if ſuch Sentence or Decree ſhall be given or pronounced in the High Court of Admiralty, and within Nine Months, if ſuch Sentence or Decree ſhall be given or pronounced in any Vice-Admiralty Court, otherwiſe ſuch Appeal ſhall not be allowed to be proſecuted, or any Inhibition granted; and that upon all Sentences or Interlocutory Decrees already given or pronounced, any Perſon not being a Party in the firſt Inſtance, who does not interpoſe his Appeal, and at the ſame Time give his Claim, and pray the uſual Inhibition, within One Year from the Date of this Order, ſhall not be intitled to any Appeal.

Provided nevertheleſs, that in all Caſes where a Sentence or Decree hath been given or pronounced above the Space of One Year before the Date of this Order, and the uſual Inhibition hath not been obtained within One Year after ſuch Sentence or Decree given or pronounced, that no Appeal ſhall be proſecuted by, or Inhibition granted to, any Party in the ſaid Cauſe, nor any Appeal entered or Inhibition granted at the Inſtance of any Perſon not being Party to the ſaid Cauſe, without the Order of the Lords Commiſſioners of Appeals firſt obtained in that Behalf, upon Notice previouſly given to the Parties appellate, their Proctors or Agents, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Steph. Cottrell.

AT the Court at St. *James's* the 15th Day of *December*, 1780.

PRESENT,

The KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHEREAS His Majeſty was graciouſly pleaſed, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the 25th Day of October, 1776, to promiſe and declare, That the Bounties of Five Pounds for every Able Seaman, and of Two Pounds Ten Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, fit for His Majeſty's Service, ſhould be paid in the Manner thereby directed, to every ſuch Able and Ordinary Seaman, not above the Age of Fifty, nor under the Age of Eighteen Years, who ſhould, on or before the 31ſt of December then following, enter themſelves to ſerve in His Majeſty's Royal Navy, either with the Captains or Lieutenants of His Majeſty's Ships, or the Chief Officers on Board ſuch Tenders as ſhould be employed for raiſing Men for the Service of the Royal Navy: And whereas His Majeſty was alſo pleaſed, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the 8th Day of November, 1776, to promiſe and declare, That a Reward of Two Pounds for every Able, and Thirty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, ſhould be paid in the Manner thereby directed, to any Perſon who ſhould diſcover any Seaman or Seamen who might ſecrete themſelves, that ſo ſuch Seaman or Seamen ſhould be taken for His Majeſty's ſaid Service, by any of His Majeſty's Sea-Officers employed for raiſing Men, on or before the 31ſt Day of December, 1776: And whereas His Majeſty was likewiſe pleaſed, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the 15th Day of Auguſt, 1777, to promiſe and declare, That every Able-bodied Landman, not above the Age of Thirty-five, nor under the Age of Twenty Years, who ſhould voluntarily enter himſelf to ſerve on Board any of His Majeſty's Ships, on or before the 31ſt Day of October then next, ſhould receive, as of His Majeſty's Royal Bounty, the Sum of Thirty Shillings each Man, to be paid in Manner thereby directed: And whereas the Time limited by the ſaid Proclamations, for Payment of the ſaid Bounties and Rewards, hath been prolonged and extended to the 31ſt Day of this inſtant December; and it being judged expedient for His Majeſty's Service that the ſaid Bounties and Rewards ſhould be continued to be paid for ſome Time longer, His Majeſty, with the Advice of His Privy-Council, doth therefore order, and it is hereby accordingly ordered, that the Time limited for Payment of the ſaid Bounties and Rewards be prolonged and extended from the ſaid 31ſt Day of this inſtant December to the 31ſt Day of March next, incluſive.——Whereof all Perſons concerned are to take Notice, and govern themſelves accordingly.

Steph. Cottrell.

St. James's, December 16.

The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint Peter Sargint, Eſq; to be His Majeſty's Conſul for the Iſlands of Zante, Corfu, Cefalonia, and Theaca, and the Province of Morea, in the Room of his Father, Peter Sargint, Eſq; who has reſigned.

The King has been pleaſed to grant unto William Snell, of Edmonton in the County of Middleſex, Eſq; (purſuant to the Will of his Grandfather, Charles Chauncy, late of Newington in the ſame County, Gentleman, deceaſed) His Royal Licence and Authority to aſſume and take the Surname of Chauncy, and to uſe the Names of William Snell Chauncy, and alſo to bear the Arms of Chauncy with his own Arms, ſuch Arms being firſt duly exemplified according to the Laws of Arms, and recorded in the Heralds Office; and alſo to order, that this His Majeſty's Conceſſion and Declaration be regiſtered in His College of Arms.

Dantzick, November 28. Accounts have been received from Warſaw, that the Plague had broke out in the Ukraine, and in Volhinia. Every Precaution is taken to check the Progreſs of this Calamity.

Admiralty-Office, December 15, 1780.

PUrſuant to an Act of Parliament paſſed in the Twenty-ſixth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, This is to give Notice to the Concerned, that Information has been ſent to this Office, That on the 26th of laſt Month the Ship Noſtra Seniora De Bon Succeſſo, of which Joſeph Deſente was Maſter, bound from Faro in Portugal to Briſtol, laden with Raiſins, Almonds, Figs, &c. was wrecked on the Mort Stones, near Ilfracombe.

Ph. Stephens.

St. James's, December 16, 1780.

WHereas it has been humbly repreſented to the King, that in the Night of Wedneſday the 6th, or in the Morning of Thurſday the 7th Inſtant, a Fire broke out in the Accompting-houſe of Mr. Joſeph George Pedley, Corn-factor, in Little King-ſtreet in the City of Briſtol; and that there is great Reaſon to ſuſpect the ſame was wilfully and maliciouſly ſet on Fire by ſome Perſon or Perſons unknown:

His Majeſty, for the better diſcovering and bringing to Juſtice the Perſons concerned in ſetting Fire to the ſaid Accompting-houſe, is hereby pleaſed to promiſe His moſt gracious Pardon to any of them, (except the Perſon who actually ſet Fire thereto) who ſhall diſcover his, her, or their Accomplice or Accomplices therein, ſo that he, ſhe, or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

STORMONT.

And, as a further Encouragement, a Reward of One Hundred Guineas *is hereby promiſed to any Accomplice (except as before excepted) or other Perſon making ſuch Diſcovery as aforeſaid, within the Space of Two Months from the Date hereof, or who ſhall, within that Time, give Information to Mr. Hughes, Mr. Burges, or Mr. Kirby, Attornies at Law, in Briſtol, of any Facts that may tend to the Diſcovery and Bringing to Juſtice of the ſaid Offender or Offenders; ſuch Reward to be paid by the ſaid Attornies, upon the Conviction of any one or more of the ſaid Offenders.*

Jn° Blagden, *of Gray's-inn, Agent for Meſſ. Hughes, Burges and Kirby.*

NOtice is hereby given to the Officers and Crew of His Majeſty's Sloop Fly, Billy Douglas, Eſq; Commander, who were actually on Board at the taking the Princeſs de Robecque, a French Privateer, on the 14th of June, 1780, (in Company with His Majeſty's Ship Ariadne) that they will be paid their reſpective Shares of the ſaid Capture as well as of the Head-money, on Board the Fly at Yarmouth, on Wedneſday the 20th Inſtant, or as ſoon after as ſhe may arrive there; and the Shares not then demanded will be recalled at the French Horn in Crutched-friars, London, the Firſt Thurſday in every Month for Three Years to come.

Marſh *and* Creed, *London,*
Rob. Warmington, *Yarmouth,* } *Agents.*

AVERAGE PRICES of CORN,

From December 4, to December 9, 1780.

By the Standard WINCHESTER Bushel of Eight Gallons.

	Wheat.		Rye.		Barley.		Oats.		Beans.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
London,	6	6	2	6	2	6	1	7	2	6
COUNTIES INLAND.										
Middlesex,	6	8	——		2	5	1	10	3	1
Surry,	6	5	2	8	2	5	1	10	3	3
Hertford,	6	3	——		2	6	2	0	3	3
Bedford,	6	0	3	3	2	4	1	9	3	1
Cambridge,	5	8	3	0	2	2	1	5	2	9
Huntingdon,	5	8	——		2	3	1	6	3	0
Northampton,	5	7	2	7	2	1	1	7	2	11
Rutland,	6	2	2	10	2	1	1	7	3	2
Leicester,	5	5	2	8	2	1	1	7	2	11
Nottingham,	4	11	3	0	2	0	1	8	2	9
Derby,	5	6	——		2	2	1	10	3	4
Stafford,	4	11	——		2	3	1	8	3	1
Salop,	4	8	3	1	2	0	1	6	3	0
Hereford,	4	10	3	4	2	4	1	4	2	6
Worcester,	4	8	——		2	1	1	8	3	0
Warwick,	4	6	——		2	2	2	0	2	10
Gloucester,	5	1	——		2	0	1	8	3	1
Wilts,	5	1	——		2	2	1	9	3	6
Berks,	5	8	——		2	2	1	9	2	9
Oxford,	5	5	——		2	1	1	7	2	11
Bucks,	5	11	——		2	3	1	10	2	11
COUNTIES upon the COAST.										
Essex,	6	1	——		2	3	1	8	2	9
Suffolk,	5	9	2	5	2	2	1	7	2	5
Norfolk,	5	9	2	10	2	0	1	7	2	9
Lincoln,	5	0	2	7	2	0	1	5	2	7
York,	5	3	3	7	2	2	1	8	3	2
Durham,	5	4	3	6	2	0	1	8	3	9
Northumberland,	4	11	3	4	2	3	1	7	2	9
Cumberland,	4	10	3	5	2	1	1	7	2	8
Westmorland,	5	9	3	3	——		1	8	2	11
Lancashire,	5	5	——		2	7	1	9	3	1
Cheshire,	5	1	3	5	2	5	1	8	——	
Monmouth,	5	2	——		2	2	1	6	2	7
Somerset,	5	11	2	6	2	1	1	8	2	7
Devon,	6	2	——		2	4	1	4	——	
Cornwall,	5	4	——		2	2	1	4	——	
Dorset,	5	9	——		2	2	1	10	3	3
Hampshire,	5	4	——		2	2	1	9	3	2
Sussex,	5	11	——		2	1	1	8	3	4
Kent,	6	2	——		2	5	1	9	2	5

From November 27, to December 2, 1780.

WALES.										
North Wales,	4	8	3	6	2	1	1	2	3	1
South Wales,	4	5	2	11	1	11	1	2	2	2

Part of SCOTLAND.

Wheat.		Rye.		Barley.		Oats.		Beans.		Big.	
4	0	——		1	11	1	8.	——		2	0

Published by Authority of Parliament,

John James Catherwood.

General Post-Office, Dec. 9, 1780.

THERE being great Reason to suspect that the Mail containing the following Bags of Letters was Yesterday Morning stolen out of the Mail Cart between Epping and London, in its Way to this Office, viz.

Norwich	Lynn	Rougham
Thetford	Stoke	Wells
Cambridge	Swaffham	Fakenham
Bury	Saffron Walden	Holt
Newmarket	Bishopstortford	Dereham
Attleborough	Windham	Ely
Downham	Epping	Ongar
Harlow	Sawbridgeworth	

Whoever shall apprehend and convict, or shall cause to be apprehended and convicted, the Person or Persons who stole the said Mail, will be entitled to a Reward of TWO HUNDRED POUNDS; or if any Person, whether an Accomplice in the Robbery, or knowing thereof, shall make Discovery whereby any one or more of the Persons concerned therein may be apprehended and brought to Justice, such Discoverer will, upon Conviction of the Party or Parties, be entitled to the same Reward of TWO HUNDRED POUNDS, and will also receive His Majesty's most gracious Pardon.

By Command of the Postmaster General,

Anth. Todd, *Sec.*

East India House, December 16, 1780.

THE Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies do hereby give Notice,

That a Quarterly General Court of the said Company will be held at their House in Leadenhall-street, on Wednesday next, the 20th Instant, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, for the Purpose of declaring a Dividend from Midsummer last to Christmas next; and on other special Affairs.

Royal Exchange Assurance Office.

London, December 6, 1780.

THE Court of Directors of the Royal Exchange Assurance Company do hereby give Notice, that their Transfer Books will be shut from Thursday the 14th of December instant to Tuesday the 9th of January next; and that the Annual General Court, appointed by their Charter, will be holden at their Office on the Royal Exchange, on Wednesday the 20th of December instant, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon; and that a Dividend will be considered of at the said Court.

British Linen-Office, Edinburgh,

December 4, 1780.

THE General Court of Proprietors of the British Linen Company, having ordered a Dividend on their Stock for the Year ending the 30th Day of May last, payable at Christmas next, Notice is hereby given to the Proprietors to call for the same at the Company's Office: And, in order to settle said Dividend, no Transfer of Stock will be made from Friday the 15th to Monday the 25th Current, both Days inclusive.

This Day is published,

Elegantly printed on a Royal Paper, in One Volume Quarto, illustrated with 25 large Plans curiously engraved,

Price 1 l. 1 s. in Boards,

Dedicated by Permission to the Right Honourable JOHN Lord Viscount LIGONIER, Field-Marshal and Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Forces;

THE ART of WAR on the MOST APPROVED PRINCIPLES,

By COUNT TURPIN,

Brigadier and Inspector-General of the French Hussars; translated from the French, by Captain JOSEPH OTWAY.

Containing, among many other equally important Articles, The March of an Army in an open, a mountainous, and a woody Country. Encampments in offensive and defensive War. Method of escorting Convoys. Attack of an Army on the March in a mountainous or open Country. Convoys. Entrenched Camps. Passage of Rivers. Battles. Quarters and Cantonments. Advanced Detachments. Attack of the Quarters of an Army. Retreat on Miscarriage. General Principles for forming the Plan of a Campaign, &c. &c.

London, Printed for E. Johnston; and sold by T. Longman in Paternoster-row, and J. Donaldson in the Strand.

N. B. There are but a few Copies remaining unsold.

WHereas Thomas Smith, the Son of Rebecca Smith, late of Charles-ſtreet, Hatton-garden, Widow, went to Virginia in the Year 1773, by the Bland, Captain Denby; and in the Year 1774 was with James Scott, in the Cow-paſture in the County of Bottetourt in Virginia, and has not ſince been heard of; Now this is to give Notice, that any Perſon who can give a certain Account where the ſaid Thomas Smith now is, or Proof of his Death, in Four Months from the Date hereof, ſhall receive One Guinea Reward, by applying to Mary Collyer, at No. 129, Whitechapel.

NOtice is hereby gizen, that the Copartnerſhip of us, whoſe Names are hereunto ſubſcribed, known by the Firm of Rayner, Dawſon, and Co. was, by mutual Conſent, diſſolved from the 26th Day of November laſt; and that all Accounts relating to the ſaid Copartnerſhip will be ſettled by Miles Rayner and Obadiah Dawſon, who are legally authoriſed for that Purpoſe, and who have formed a new Copartnerſhip under the Firm of Rayner and Dawſon. Dated at Leeds, December 1, 1780.

Milnes Rayner.
Oba. Dawſon.
Wm. Tottie.

NOtice is hereby given, that the Partnerſhip between John Dawſon and Chriſtopher Scott, of Princes-ſtreet, Hanover-ſquare, in the County of Middleſex, Wine and Brandy Merchants, is this Day diſſolved by mutual Conſent. Dated the 31th of December, 1780.

John Dawſon.
Chriſ. Scott.

NOtice is hereby given, that the Partnerſhip between Meſſ. Clowes, Walker, Fry, and Co. Dealers in China, Glaſs, and Earthen-ware, at Brook's-wharf, Queenhithe, and at No. 112, in the Minories, London, is this Day mutually diſſolved; and all Perſons who have any Demands on the ſaid Partnerſhip are deſired to ſend an Account thereof to Meſſ. Clowes and Williamſon, at Brooks Wharf aforeſaid, that the ſame may be diſcharged; and all Perſons who ſtand indebted to the ſaid Partnerſhip are deſired immediately to pay ſuch Debts to the ſaid Meſſ. Clowes and Williamſon, who are properly authorized to receive the ſame. Dated this 27th Day of November, 1780.

William Clowes.
Wm. Walker.
John Fry, jun.
Rob. Williamſon.

December 4, 1780.

NOtice is hereby given, that the Partnerſhip between Samuel Harris and Thomas Glover, late of Bull-head-court, Newgate-ſtreet, London, Warehouſemen, was, by mutual Conſent, diſſolved on the 13th of January, 1780; and that all Debts due to the ſaid Copartnerſhip are to be paid to the ſaid Samuel Harris only, who continues the Buſineſs on his own ſeparate Account; and all Debts and Demands due from the ſaid Partnerſhip will be paid by the ſaid Mr. Harris.

Sam. Harris.
Tho. Glover.

TO be ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before John Eames, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's-inn, Chancery-lane, London, The Eſtates of the late Right Honourable George Montagu Dunk, Earl of Halifax, deceaſed, (or great Part thereof) ſituate in the County of Suſſex.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Joſeph Engliſh, of Bocking in the County of Eſſex, Bays-maker, Dealer and Chapman, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of his Eſtate and Effects, on Monday the 18th Day of December inſtant, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the London-bridge Coffee-houſe, in Southwark, in order to aſſent to or diſſent from the ſaid Aſſignees commencing, proſecuting, or defending, one or more Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity concerning the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; or to the compounding, ſubmitting to Arbitration, or otherwiſe agreeing, any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other ſpecial Affairs.

THE Truſtees of the Eſtates of Henry Whorwood, late of Aſhton Keynes in the County of Wilts, Eſq; hereby appoint a General Meeting of his Creditors to be holden on Friday the 19th of January next, at Eleven in the Forenoon, at the King's Head Inn in Cirenceſter, in order to determine what further Time will be neceſſary for the Sale of ſuch of the ſaid Eſtates as are agreed to be ſold for the Payment of his Creditors, in Purſuance of a Power veſted in them by an Indenture dated May 12, 1779, whereby the ſaid Henry Whorwood conveyed ſuch Eſtates in Truſts for the Payment of his Debts. W. STEPHENS, Agent for

Dec. 12, 1780. the ſaid Truſtees.

N. B. The Meeting is neceſſarily poſtponed to the Time above appointed, as the former Notice was not inſerted in due Time.

THE Creditors (if any) of Henry Roberts, late of St. John-ſtreet, Bethnal-green, in the County of Middleſex, Gentleman, deceaſed, are deſired to ſend an Account of their reſpective Demands to Mr. Wright, of Bethnal-green aforeſaid, Dyer, Mr. Bampton, of Brick-lane, Spital-fields, Tallow-chandler, or Mr. Jones, of Cranbourn-alley, Leiceſter fields, Shoemaker,) Executors of the Will of the ſaid Henry Roberts, or to Meſſ. Young and Mitton, Attornies, Doctors Commons: And all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Eſtate are hereby required forthwith to pay the ſame as above, otherwiſe they will be ſued without further Notice.

ANY Perſons who are poſſeſſed of Bonds or other Securities entered into by Matthew Gregory, Eſq; late of the Iſland of Jamaica, deceaſed, either jointly with William Lewis, Eſq; deceaſed formerly of the Pariſh of Weſtmorland in Jamaica, or on his Account, are deſired to ſend in the Particulars of ſuch Securities to Lee and Allen, Bedford-ſquare.

PUrſuant to an Order made by the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, for Enlarging the Time for Henry Ellinthorpe, now or late of Bell-court, Fenchurch-ſtreet, London, Linen-draper, Dealer and Chapman, (a Bankrupt) to ſurrender himſelf, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects, for 49 Days, to be computed from the 16th Inſtant; This is to give Notice, that the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named and authoriſed, or the major Part of them, intend to meet on the 3d Day of February next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London; where the ſaid Bankrupt is required to ſurrender himſelf, between the Hours of Eleven and One of the Clock of the ſame Day, and make a full Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects, and finiſh his Examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, may then and there come and prove the ſame, and aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

PUrſuant to an Order made by the Rt. Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, for Enlarging the Time for Samuel Pyke, of Wormwood-ſtreet in the City of London, Tobacconiſt, Dealer and Chapman, (a Bankrupt) to ſurrender himſelf, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects, for 49 Days, to be computed from the 12th Day of December inſtant; This is to give Notice, that the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named and authorized, or the major Part of them, intend to meet on the 30th Day of January next, at Ten in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London; where the ſaid Bankrupt is required to ſurrender himſelf, between the Hours of Eleven and One of the Clock of the ſame Day, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects, and finiſh his Examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, and aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Francis Williams, of the Pariſh of St. Leonard Shoreditch in the County of Middleſex, Innholder, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 23d Day of December inſtant, on the 6th Day of January next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, and on the 27th Day of the ſaid January at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the

Creditors

Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Meſſ. Kent and Darlington, Clifford's-inn.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt James Chriſmas, of Guildford in the County of Surry, Grocer, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 26th Day of December inſtant, and on the 6th and 27th Days of January next, at Ten in the Forenoon on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Dawes, No. 5, Clement's-inn, London.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Francis Byrne and John Jordan, of Clement's-lane, London, Merchants and Partners, and they being declared Bankrupts, are hereby required to ſurrender themſelves to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 21ſt Day of December inſtant at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, on the 8th Day of January next at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, and on the 27th Day of the ſaid January at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of their Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupts are required to finiſh their Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of their Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupts, or that have any of their Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Meſſ. Jemmett and Pickering, Pudding-lane, London.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt James Badnall and Henry Yeomans, now or late of Leek in the County of Stafford, Copartners, Button-makers, Dealers and Chapmen, and they being declared Bankrupts, are hereby required to ſurrender themſelves to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 4th Day of January next at Five in the Afternoon, on the 5th Day of the ſame Month at Ten in the Forenoon, and on the 27th Day of the ſame Month at Three in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of John Hargreave, the George Inn, in Leek aforeſaid, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of their Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees; and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupts are required to finiſh their Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of their Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupts, or that have any of their Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Samuel Rathbone, Attorney, in Bolton in the County of Lancaſter; or to Mr. Samuel Cooper, of Southampton-bdildings, Chancery-lane, London.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Richard Coleman, of Ludlow in the County of Salop, Maltſter and Currier, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 28th and 29th Days of December inſtant, at Mr. Richards's, the Angel, in Ludlow, and on the 27th Day of January next, at Mr. Williams's, the Crown, in Ludlow, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon on each of the ſaid Days, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chooſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Blainey, Attorney, in Ludlow aforeſaid.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Thomas Sylveſter the Elder, Edmund Sylveſter, and Thomas Sylveſter the Younger, of Great Ruſſel-ſtreet, Bloomſbury, in the County of Middleſex, Leather-cutters, intend to meet on the 16th Day of January next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London; at which Time and Place a Leaſehold Eſtate, called Curbridge Farm, near Witney, Oxfordſhire, will be put up to Sale to the beſt Bidder. The Particulars of which Eſtate will be advertiſed in the Daily Advertiſer and London Evening Poſt, and may alſo be had, by applying to Mr. Edwards, No. 23, Lothbury, London.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt William Bowman, late of Midford-place, Tottenham-court-road, in the Pariſh of St. Pancras, but now of Charing-cross in the Pariſh of St. Martin in the Fields in the ſaid County of Middleſex, Money-ſcrivener, intend to meet on the 19th Day of December inſtant, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, at Guildhall, London, in order to receive the Proof of Debts; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, (and particularly the Petitioning Creditor) are deſired to come and prove the ſame. The Bankrupt is likewiſe required to attend, purſuant to the Lord Chancellor's Order.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt John Fletcher, of New Broad-ſtreet, London, Inſurer, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 23d Day of December inſtant, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, (by Adjournment from the 16th Inſtant) at Guildhall, London, in order to proceed to the Choice of an Aſſignee or Aſſignees of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, and, with thoſe who have proved their Debts, vote in ſuch Choice accordingly.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Thomas Hailes, of Berkley-ſtreet, Red-lion-ſtreet, Clerkenwell, in the County of Middleſex, Watch-caſe-maker, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 20th Day of December inſtant, at Ten in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, [by Adjournment from the 12th] to take the laſt Examination of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where he is required to ſurrender himſelf, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects, and finiſh his Examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, may then and there come and prove the ſame, and aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Richard Goolden, of Birmingham in the County of Warwick, Button-maker, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 6th Day of January next, at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, (by Adjournment from the 2d Inſtant) at Guildhall, London, to make a Final Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt William Woodman, late of Warnford-court, but now of Johnſon's-court, London, Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 30th Day of December inſtant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, (by Adjournment from the 12th) at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

Erratum in the Gazette of December 5. In the Firſt Advertiſement for the Allowance of Bankrupts Certificates, for John Mullard read John Mallard.

Printed by *Thomas Harriſon*, in *Warwick-Lane*. 1780.

The London Gazette
EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1780.

MANIFESTO.

GEORGE R.

(L. S.) THROUGH the whole Courſe of Our Reign, Our Conduct towards the States General of the United Provinces has been that of a ſincere Friend and faithful Ally. Had they adhered to thoſe wiſe Principles which uſed to govern the Republic, they muſt have ſhewn themſelves equally ſollicitous to maintain the Friendſhip which has ſo long ſubſiſted between the two Nations, and which is eſſential to the Intereſts of both: But from the Prevalence of a Faction devoted to France, and following the Dictates of that Court, a very different Policy has prevailed. The Return made to Our Friendſhip, for ſome Time paſt, has been an open Contempt of the moſt ſolemn Engagements, and a repeated Violation of Public Faith.

On the Commencement of the Defenſive War, in which We found Ourſelves engaged by the Aggreſſion of France, We ſhewed a tender Regard for the Intereſts of the States General, and a Deſire of ſecuring to their Subjects every Advantage of Trade, conſiſtent with the great and juſt Principle of Our own Defence. Our Ambaſſador was inſtructed to offer a friendly Negotiation, to obviate every Thing that might lead to diſagreeable Diſcuſſion; and to this Offer, ſolemnly made by him to the States General, the 2d of November, 1778, no Attention was paid.

After the Number of Our Enemies increaſed by the Aggreſſion of Spain, equally unprovoked with that of France, We found it neceſſary to call upon the States General for the Performance of their Engagements. The Fifth Article of the perpetual Defenſive Alliance between Our Crown and the States General, concluded at Weſtminſter the 3d of March, 1678, beſides the general Engagement for Succours, expreſsly ſtipulates, "That that Party of the two Allies that is not attacked, ſhall be obliged to break with the Aggreſſor in two Months after the Party attacked ſhall require it:"—Yet two Years have paſſed, without the leaſt Aſſiſtance given to Us, without a ſingle Syllable in Anſwer to Our repeated Demands.

So totally regardleſs have the States been of their Treaties with Us, that they readily promiſed Our Enemies to obſerve a Neutrality, in direct Contradiction to thoſe Engagements; and whilſt they have withheld from Us the Succours they were bound to furniſh, every ſecret Aſſiſtance has been given the Enemy; and Naval Duties have been taken off, for the ſole Purpoſe of facilitating the Carriage of Naval Stores to France.

In direct and open Violation of Treaty, they ſuffered an American Pirate to remain ſeveral Weeks in one of their Ports; and even permitted a Part of his Crew to mount Guard in a Fort in the Texel.

In the Eaſt-Indies, the Subjects of the States General, in Concert with France, have endeavoured to raiſe up Enemies againſt Us.

In the Weſt-Indies, particularly at St. Euſtatius, every Protection and Aſſiſtance has been given to Our Rebellious Subjects. Their Privateers are openly received in the Dutch Harbours; allowed to refit there; ſupplied with Arms and Ammunition; their Crews recruited; their Prizes brought in and ſold; and all this in direct Violation of as clear and ſolemn Stipulations as can be made.

This Conduct, ſo inconſiſtent with all good Faith, ſo repugnant to the Senſe of the wiſeſt Part of the Dutch Nation, is chiefly to be aſcribed to the Prevalence of the leading Magiſtrates of Amſterdam, whoſe ſecret Correſpondence with Our Rebellious Subjects was ſuſpected, long before it was made known by the fortunate

[Price Three-pence Halfpenny.]

nate Diſcovery of a Treaty, the firſt Article of which is: —

" There ſhall be a firm, inviolable and " univerſal Peace, and ſincere Friend- " ſhip, between their High Mightineſſes " the Eſtates of the Seven United Pro- " vinces of Holland, and the United " States of North America, and the Sub- " jects and People of the ſaid Parties; " and between the Countries, Iſlands, " Cities, and Towns, ſituated under " the Juriſdiction of the ſaid United " States of Holland, and the ſaid United " States of America, and the People and " Inhabitants thereof, of every Degree, " without Exception of Perſons or " Places."

This Treaty was ſigned in September, 1778, by the expreſs Order of the Penſionary of Amſterdam, and other principal Magiſtrates of that City.—They now not only avow the whole Tranſaction, but glory in it, and expreſsly ſay, even to the States General, that what they did " was " what their indiſpenſable Duty re- " quired."

In the mean Time, the States General declined to give any Anſwer to the Memorial preſented by Our Ambaſſador; and this Refuſal was aggravated by their proceeding upon other Buſineſs, nay upon the Conſideration of this very Subject to internal Purpoſes; and while they found it impoſſible to approve the Conduct of their Subjects, they ſtill induſtriouſly avoided to give Us the Satisfaction ſo manifeſtly due.

We had every Right to expect, that ſuch a Diſcovery would have rouſed them to a juſt Indignation at the Inſult offered to Us, and to themſelves; and that they would have been eager to give Us full and ample Satisfaction for the Offence, and to inflict the ſevereſt Puniſhment upon the Offenders. The Urgency of the Buſineſs made an inſtant Anſwer eſſential to the Honour and Safety of this Country. The Demand was accordingly preſſed by Our Ambaſſador in repeated Conferences with the Miniſters, and in a Second Memorial: It was preſſed with all the Earneſtneſs which could proceed from Our ancient Friendſhip, and the Senſe of recent Injuries; and the Anſwer now given to a Memorial on ſuch a Subject, delivered above Five Weeks ago, is, *That the States have taken it ad referendum.*— Such an Anſwer, upon ſuch an Occaſion, could only be dictated by the fixt Purpoſe of Hoſtility meditated, and already reſolved, by the States, induced by the offenſive Councils of Amſterdam thus to countenance the hoſtile Aggreſſion, which the Magiſtrates of that City have made in the Name of the Republic.

There is an End of the Faith of all Treaties with Them, if Amſterdam may uſurp the Sovereign Power, may violate thoſe Treaties with Impunity, by pledging the States to Engagements directly contrary, and leaguing the Republic with the Rebels of a Sovereign to whom ſhe is bound by the cloſeſt Ties. An Infraction of the Law of Nations, by the meaneſt Member of any Country, gives the injured State a Right to demand Satisfaction and Puniſhment:—How much more ſo, when the Injury complained of is a flagrant Violation of Public Faith, committed by leading and predominant Members in the State? Since then the Satisfaction we have demanded is not given, We muſt, though moſt reluctantly, do Ourſelves that Juſtice which We cannot otherwiſe obtain: We muſt conſider the States General as Parties in the Injury which they will not repair, as Sharers in the Aggreſſion which they refuſe to puniſh, and muſt act accordingly. We have therefore ordered Our Ambaſſador to withdraw from the Hague, and ſhall immediately purſue ſuch vigorous Meaſures as the Occaſion fully juſtifies, and Our Dignity and the eſſential Intereſts of Our People require.

From a Regard to the Dutch Nation at large, We wiſh it were poſſible to direct thoſe Meaſures wholly againſt Amſterdam; but this cannot be, unleſs the States General will immediately declare, that Amſterdam ſhall, upon this Occaſion, receive no Aſſiſtance from them, but be left to abide the Conſequences of it's Aggreſſion.

Whilſt Amſterdam is ſuffered to prevail in the general Councils, and is backed by the Strength of the State, it is impoſſible to reſiſt the Aggreſſion of ſo conſiderable a Part, without contending with the Whole. But We are too ſenſible of the common Intereſts of both Countries not to remember, in the Midſt of ſuch a Conteſt, that the only Point to be aimed at by Us, is to raiſe a Diſpoſition in the Councils of the Republic to return to our ancient Union, by giving Us that Satisfaction for the paſt, and Security for the future, which We ſhall be as ready to receive as They can be to offer, and to the Attainment of which We ſhall direct all Our Operations. We mean only to provide for Our own Security, by defeating the dangerous Deſigns that have been formed againſt Us. We ſhall ever

be diſpoſed to return to Friendſhip with the States General, when they ſincerely revert to that Syſtem which the Wiſdom of their Anceſtors formed, and which has now been ſubverted by a powerful Faction, conſpiring with France againſt the true Intereſts of the Republic, no leſs than againſt thoſe of Great-Britain.

St. James's, December 20, 1780.

G. R.

AT the Court at St. *James's*, the 20th of *December*, 1780,

PRESENT,

The KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

HIS Majeſty, having taken into Conſideration the many injurious Proceedings of the States General of the United Provinces, and their Subjects, as ſet forth in His Royal Manifeſto of this Date, and being determined to take ſuch Meaſures as are neceſſary for vindicating the Honour of His Crown, and for procuring Reparation and Satisfaction, is pleaſed, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, That General Reprizals be granted againſt the Ships, Goods, and Subjects of the States General of the United Provinces, ſo that as well His Majeſty's Fleet and Ships, as alſo all other Ships and Veſſels that ſhall be commiſſionated by Letters of Marque or General Reprizals, or otherwiſe, by His Majeſty's Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, ſhall and may lawfully ſeize all Ships, Veſſels, and Goods belonging to the States General of the United Provinces, or their Subjects, or others inhabiting within any of the Territories of the aforeſaid States General, and bring the ſame to Judgment in any of the Courts of Admiralty within His Majeſty's Dominions: And to that End His Majeſty's Advocate-General, with the Advocate of the Admiralty, are forthwith to prepare the Draught of a Commiſſion, and preſent the ſame to His Majeſty at this Board, authorizing the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, or any Perſon or Perſons by them empowered and appointed, to iſſue forth and grant Letters of Marque and Reprizal to any of His Majeſty's Subjects, or others whom the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall deem fitly qualified in that Behalf, for the apprehending, ſeizing and taking the Ships, Veſſels and Goods belonging to the States General of the United Provinces, and their Vaſſals and Subjects, or any inhabiting within the Countries, Territories or Dominions of the aforeſaid States General; and that ſuch Powers and Clauſes be inſerted in the ſaid Commiſſion as have been uſual, and are according to former Precedents: And His Majeſty's ſaid Advocate-General, with the Advocate of the Admiralty, are alſo forthwith to prepare the Draught of a Commiſſion, and preſent the ſame to His Majeſty at this Board, authorizing the ſaid Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral to will and require the High Court of Admiralty of Great-Britain, and the Lieutenant and Judge of the ſaid Court, his Surrogate or Surrogates, as alſo the ſeveral Courts of Admiralty within His Majeſty's Dominions, to take Cognizance of, and judicially proceed upon all and all Manner of Captures, Seizures, Prizes and Reprizals of all Ships and Goods that are or ſhall be taken, and to hear and determine the ſame; and, according to the Courſe of Admiralty, and the Laws of Nations, to adjudge and condemn all ſuch Ships, Veſſels and Goods, as ſhall belong to the States General of the United Provinces, or their Vaſſals and Subjects, or to any others inhabiting within any of the Countries, Territories and Dominions of the aforeſaid States General; and that ſuch Powers and Clauſes be inſerted in the ſaid Commiſſion as have been uſual, and are according to former Precedents: And they are likewiſe to prepare, and lay before His Majeſty at this Board, a Draught of ſuch Inſtructions as may be proper to be ſent to the Courts of Admiralty in His Majeſty's foreign Governments and Plantations, for their Guidance herein; as alſo another Draught of Inſtructions for ſuch Ships as ſhall be commiſſionated for the Purpoſes aforementioned.

Printed by *Thomas Harriſon*, in *Warwick-Lane*. 1780.